STATE OF NEW YORK

DIVISION OF TAX APPEALS

In the Matter of the Petition :

of :

CHARLES R. BURGESS DTA NO. 830931

for Redetermination of a Deficiency or for Refund of New: York State Personal Income Tax under Article 22 of the Tax Law for the Year 2020.

Petitioner, Charles R. Burgess, filed a petition for redetermination of a deficiency or for refund of New York State personal income tax under article 22 of the Tax Law for the year 2020.

On March 23, 2023, the Division of Tax Appeals issued to petitioner a notice of intent to dismiss petition pursuant to 20 NYCRR 3000.9 (a) (4). The Division of Taxation, appearing by Amanda Hiller, Esq. (Lori Antolick, Esq., of counsel), submitted a letter in support of the dismissal. Petitioner, appearing pro se, did not submit a response by April 24, 2023, which date began the 90-day period for the issuance of this determination. After due consideration of the documents submitted, Donna M. Gardiner, Supervising Administrative Law Judge, renders the following determination.

ISSUE

Whether the Division of Tax Appeals lacks jurisdiction over the petition.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Petitioner, Charles R. Burgess, filed a petition with the Division of Tax Appeals on April 7, 2022.
 - 2. A statutory notice or conciliation order was not attached to the petition.

- 3. On June 24, 2022, the Division of Tax Appeals made a written request to petitioner for a copy of the statutory notice being protested.
 - 4. Petitioner did not provide any statutory notice.
- 5. On March 23, 2023, the Division of Tax Appeals issued to petitioner a notice of intent to dismiss petition. The notice stated, in sum, that the Division of Tax Appeals lacked jurisdiction to review the merits of the petition because it was not in proper form.
- 6. On April 12, 2023, in response to the notice of intent to dismiss petition, the Division of Taxation (Division) submitted a letter stating:
 - "[t]he Division is in receipt of the Notice of Intent to Dismiss the petition in the above referenced matter. As the petition submitted was not in proper form, as required by 20 NYCRR 3000.3 and Tax Law § 2008 because the petitioner neglected to include a copy of the statutory notice or conciliation order issued to petitioner [sic] the Division is in agreement with the proposed dismissal."
 - 7. Petitioner did not submit a response to the notice of intent to dismiss petition.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

A. The Division of Tax Appeals is a forum of limited jurisdiction (Tax Law § 2008; *Matter of Scharff*, Tax Appeals Tribunal, October 4, 1990, *revd on other grounds sub nom New York State Dept. of Taxation and Fin. v Tax Appeals Trib.*, 151 Misc 2d 326 [Sup Ct, Albany County 1991, Keniry, J.]). Its power to adjudicate disputes is exclusively statutory (*id.*). The Division of Tax Appeals is authorized "[t]o provide a hearing as a matter of right, to any petitioner upon such petitioner's request . . . unless a right to such a hearing is specifically provided for, modified or denied by another provision of this chapter" (Tax Law § 2006 [4]).

All proceedings in the Division of Tax Appeals "shall be commenced by the filing of a petition . . . protesting any written notice of the division of taxation which has advised the petitioner of a tax deficiency, a determination of tax due, a denial of a refund or credit

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application . . . or any other notice which gives a person the right to a hearing" (Tax Law § 2008)

[1]).

B. Pursuant to 20 NYCRR 3000.3 (b) (8), a petition shall contain, "for the sole purpose

of establishing the timeliness of the petition, a legible copy of the order of the conciliation

conferee if issued; if no such order was previously issued, a legible copy of any other statutory

notice being protested." In this case, no statutory notice was attached.

C. On June 24, 2022, the Division of Tax Appeals made a written request to petitioner

for a copy of a statutory notice. He failed to provide it. Where petitioner fails to correct the

petition within the time prescribed, the supervising administrative law judge will issue a notice

of intent to dismiss petition (see 20 NYCRR 3000.3 [d]). Such notice of intent was issued on

March 23, 2023. Petitioner failed to respond to the notice of intent.

As petitioner failed to attach a notice contemplated by Tax Law § 2008, the Division of

Tax Appeals lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the petition and, therefore, dismissal is

warranted (see 20 NYCRR 3000.3 [d]; 3000.9 [a] [4] [i]; see also Matter of Richardson, Tax

Appeals Tribunal, November 17, 2022).

D. It is ORDERED, on the motion of the supervising administrative law judge, that the

petition is dismissed with prejudice as of this date.

DATED: Albany, New York

July 20, 2023

/s/ Donna M. Gardiner

SUPERVISING ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE